

## PRACTICAL MEASURES TO TAKE IN GBV CASE MANAGEMENT

during COVID-19 pandemic outbreak include the following

01

Avoid handshaking or any other form of physical contact for greeting;



Keep a distance of 1.5 to 2 meters between the case worker and the survivor;

**Note**: Sensitively communicate the reason for social distancing;

03

Avoid any form of physical contact to show empathy with a distressed survivor, and use instead empathetic body language, tone of voice and healing statements;



04

Make sure both case worker and survivor wash their hands for 40-60 seconds with soap or alcohol-based hand gel before and after the session;

**Note**: Sensitively explain to the survivor how these are prevention and safety measures;



Avoid handing or receiving documents (leaflets, brochures, action plan, safety plan etc.) unless it's necessary, and ask survivor to leave any documents on a desk. Once the session is over, make sure to wash your hands for 40-60 seconds or use alcohol-based hand gel after handling a document;

06

Avoid having a desk or table that case worker and survivor can lean on or have contact with;



08

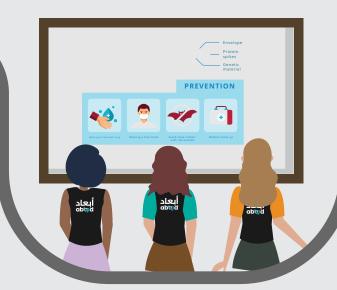
During the pandemic outbreak, prioritize scheduling sessions with survivors at high risk of GBV and those requiring immediate support, while

re-scheduling follow up sessions where survivors' situation is stabilized and they don't have the need for immediate care.

Low and medium risk cases can be supported remotely via phone/online. Cases should be monitored closely in case they become high risk; Always respect the wishes of the survivors before re-scheduling sessions

and make sure to receive survivors' verbal consent before making such decisions; 09

Make sure case workers receive regular training and updated, factual health information on basic health information related to COVID-19 that they can share with survivors during the session;



07

Provide psychoeducation about distress resulting from COVID-19 in line with CP and MHPSS Guidelines.



## 5 STEPS TO COPE WITH THE STRESS LINKED TO COVID-19

- Decrease the time you spend on news or social media and seek information only from reliable sources. Check @mophleb @wholeb @UNICEFLebanon.
- 2. Set a daily routine that includes activities that you enjoy or find relaxing (such as reading,
- praying, family games, slow breathing, connecting with friends through phone...)

  3. Talk to trusted others about any distressing thoughts or feelings you might have.
- 4. Maintain a healthy diet, proper sleep and regular physical activity. Even walking 15-30 min utes daily at home can make a difference.
- 5. Don't resort to smoking, drinking alcohol or using other substances to deal with the stress because it doesn't work and harms you on the long-term

## Call: 1214 MOPH hotline for clarification about COVID-19

1564 "Embrace Lifeline"- the National emotional support and suicide prevention hotline, if you feel severely distressed (from 12:00pm to 5:30 am)

## LET'S BE KIND, TOGETHER WE CAN FIGHT COVID-19

- 1. Check-in regularly with those in hospital or home quarantine and their families through calling and texting. Show solidarity and encourage them to do enjoyable activities.
- Listen attentively when people are sharing their concerns.
- 3. Provide calm and correct advice to people who may lack access to information (like older adults). Share key factual messages from @mophleb @wholeb @UNICEFLebanon.
- Avoid stigmatizing language, such as attributing the illness to a person's country of origin, living area, religion, profession, etc.
- Speak up against harmful practices such as discrimination against affected persons. Protect their privacy and don't disclose personal information.

